

2015 Labor Relations

School Finance:
A Better Understanding
Bryce Wilson, CPA



School Fund Review

- User's Manual When you are unsure what fund to use check the user's manual.
- Building Projects (Cannot use General Fund)
 - Bond Proceeds
 - FEMA/NEBA receipts
 - Donations
- Cooperative Fund
 - Teacher
 - Facilities shared with City
- Making the funds work for your situation.
 - Example: Roof, Track



Borrowing Funds

- Issue promissory notes
 - Up to 70% of districts unexpended balance of anticipated receipts for the current and following year.
 - Must be repaid within 2 years.
- Loans from financial institutions.
 - Up to 70% of districts unexpended balance of current levy.
 - · Must be repaid within 1 year.
- Lease Purchase
 - 7 year max repayment period.
 - · May be paid from Special Building or General Fund
 - Levy to repay will be counted towards the \$1.05 max levy.



Innovative Grants

- School Districts and ESU's are eligible.
- Applications must describe the following:
 - Specific measurable objectives for improving education outcomes.
 - Method for annual evaluation or measurable objective.
 - The potential for the project to be both scalable and replicable.
 - Any cost savings that could be achieved by reductions in other programs if funded program is successful.
- Best practices will be incorporated into the state aid calculation as allowances starting in 2021.

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Special Hearing and Tax Request Resolution

- Must be filed with County Clerk on or before October 13
- · List the tax dollars requested in each fund
- Property tax requests final on Nov 5th.



Miscellaneous

- Financial statement preparation by auditors.
 - District must have an individual capable of overseeing f/s preparation.
- Indirect cost rates
 - Due to Fed changes to calculation the indirect cost rates were high this year and will be next year as well.
- Deadline for the Annual Financial Report submission is Nov 2.
- Deadline for audit submissions is Nov 5.



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State Aid Jen Utemark

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T.E.O.S.S.A.

Tax

Equity and

Educational

Opportunities

Support

Act

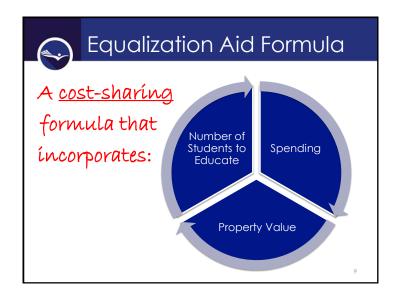
1990s statute that **defines** State Aid through LB 1059

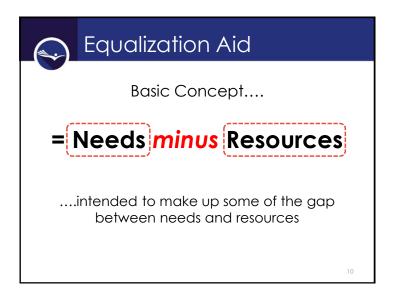
Creates the **basic concept** for the present state aid formula

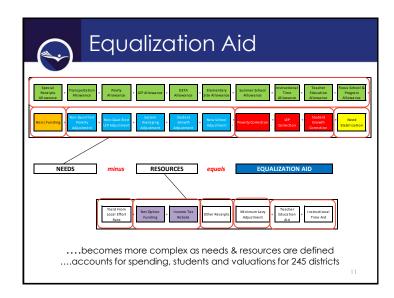
Equalization Aid – largest component of State Aid (important if an equalized district)

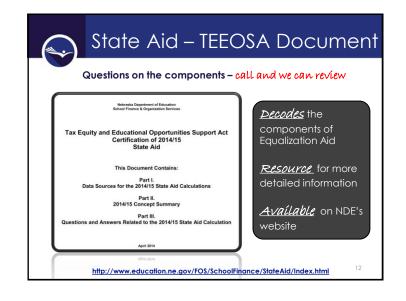
Known as T.E.E.O.S.A.

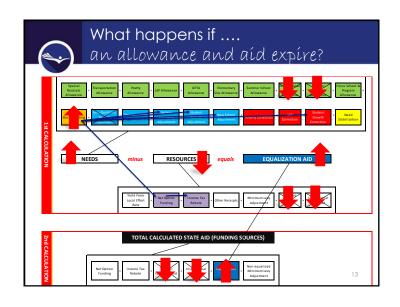
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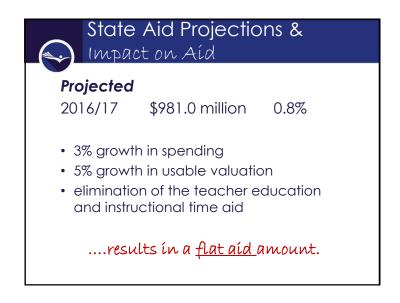




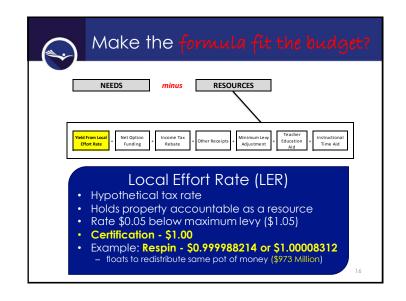


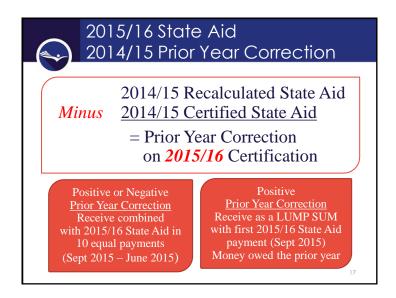


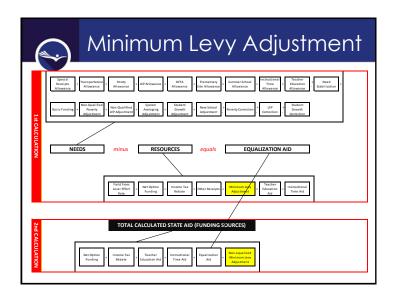














Common Questions

Does my general fund levy rate have any effect on state aid?

- As long as your general fund levy is \$0.95 or greater it has no effect on state aid.
- <u>Equalized</u> and your levy is set <u>below</u> \$0.95 you will receive a minimum levy adjustment which will increase your resources negatively affecting your state aid.
- <u>Non-equalized</u> and your levy is set below \$0.95 you will revive a Non-Equalized Minimum Levy Adjustment which will reduce the Income Tax Rebate.



Common Questions

I am a non-equalized district

....does state aid matter?

Yes, even if you are a non-equalized district you may still receive:

Net Option Funding Income Tax Rebate Teacher Education Aid Instructional Time Aid

